

Match the cause with the Effect

(Place the Number of the effect in the circle)

<p>1. The French came to Ohio in the late 1600s - <input type="radio"/> 4</p>	<p>1</p>	<p>Pontiac attempted to attack the British but failed.</p>
<p>2. The British wanted to settle on Ohio's land and force the French to leave . <input type="radio"/> 9</p>	<p>2</p>	<p>Led to the Battle of Point Pleasant.</p>
<p>3. In 1763, the British defeated the French and Indians. <input type="radio"/> 8</p>	<p>3</p>	<p>The Revolutionary War began in 1775.</p>
<p>4. Ottawa's Chief Pontiac was not done fighting. <input type="radio"/> 1</p>	<p>4</p>	<p>The Native Americans traded fur for goods with them.</p>
<p>5. In 1774, settlers attacked and killed 11 Mingo Indians near Steubenville, Ohio. <input type="radio"/> 10</p>	<p>5</p>	<p>President Washington asked General "Mad" Anthony Wayne to stop the Indians.</p>
<p>6. Revenge between Chief Logan and the settlers. <input type="radio"/> 2</p>	<p>6</p>	<p>The Battle of Fallen Timbers began.</p>
<p>7. The American colonists did not want to be ruled by the British. <input type="radio"/> 3</p>	<p>7</p>	<p>The treaty of Greenville was signed.</p>
<p>8. President George Washington wanted to stop the uprising of the Native Americans. <input type="radio"/> 5</p>	<p>8</p>	<p>The French had to give up all the land they claimed in Ohio and more British settlers came.</p>
<p>9. General Wayne attacked the Indians near Toledo, Ohio. <input type="radio"/> 6</p>	<p>9</p>	<p>The French and Indian War began</p>
<p>10. After losing the Battle of Fallen Timbers, the Native Americans had no choice but to surrender. <input type="radio"/> 7</p>	<p>10</p>	<p>Seeking revenge, Mingo chief Logan and his warriors killed 13 settlers.</p>