

Name: _____

Roman Republic Coded Message Activity

Directions: *Decipher the Code message listed below to uncover the sentences. Place the answers directly below the Code.*

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26

1. They comprised about 95 percent of Rome's population and were mostly peasants, laborers, craftspeople, and shopkeepers. They were known as 16-12-5-2-5-9-1-14-19.
The answer is: _____.
2. They made up about 5 percent of Rome's population, were wealthy landowners, controlled the most valuable land, and held the important military and religious offices. There were known as 16-1-20-18-9-3-9-1-14-19.
The answer is: _____.
3. Between 616 and 509 BCE, The Romans were controlled by the Etruscans. Their type of government was a 13-15-14-1-18-3-8-24.
The answer is: _____.
4. In 509 BCE, the patricians rebelled against the Etruscans and threw them out. They developed a 18-5-16-21-2-12-9-3.
The answer is: _____.
5. Power was held by the 19-5-14-1-20, a group of 300 patricians elected for life. They could also appoint government officials.
The answer is: _____.
6. There were two elected leaders, called 3-15-14-19-21-12-19, who controlled the military. The answer is: _____.
7. The plebeians started uniting and demand more political rights from the patricians. This struggle between plebeians and patricians is referred to as the 3-15-14-6-12-9-3-20 15-6 20-8-5 15-18-4-5-18-19.
The answer is: _____.
8. Elected officials called 20-18-9-2-21-14-5-19 15-6 20-8-5 16-12-5-2-19 represented the plebeians in the Senate and with the consuls.
The answer is: _____.
9. Around the year 451 BCE, the patricians agreed to publish laws were on tablets called the 20-23-5-12-22-5 20-1-2-12-5-19.
The answer is: _____.
10. Starting in 287 BCE, assemblies of all Roman citizens, called the 3-9-20-9-26-5-14-19' 1-19-19-15-3-9-1-20-9-15-14, could approve or reject laws.
The answer is: _____.