6TH: 1 POINT PERSPECTIVE BLOCKS

Lesson 2 goal: To transform a 2-D shape (rectangle) into a 3-D form (rectangular prism) by using 1-point perspective. This involves using lines that extend back into space and converge at a point on the *horizon line called a *vanishing point (VP).

Directions: Click the blue button for instructions.



Supplies: Pencil, ruler and eraser

- 1. Identify the 2 corners of the rectangle that are closest to the vanishing point (A/B).
- 2. Using a pencil and ruler, *lightly* draw a slanted guideline from corner (A) of the rectangle to the vanishing point.
- 3. Draw a slanted guideline from corner B to the vanishing point.
- 4. Draw a vertical line inside the slanted guidelines that touches both top and bottom of the slants. This will be the back wall of the block.
- 5. Erase the slanted pencil guidelines lines that extend beyond the vertical line (see blue arrows in example)



*Horizon line: Physical/Visual boundary where the sky meets the earth.

*Vanishing Point: The point at which receding parallel lines viewed in perspective appear to converge.